THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1864. NO. 182

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

BY

P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Single copies 25 cents. Six months FIFTEEN DOLLARS. Three months, EIGHT DOLLARS.

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The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three month THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

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Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, Deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of old Issue.	Value of New Issue.	Value of New Issue.	Value of old Issue.
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 60
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all; but

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From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔

From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔

From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔

From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔

From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔

From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔

Swept away by mont'ly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE REPORTER'S DICTIONARY, BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense:

A. E. MARSHALL,
Augusta, Ga.

dtf

DR. J. H. FREEMAN HAS RETURNED to his Office and has on hand a good lot of GOLD FOIL AND TEETH. Also, GOLD and SILVER PLATE.

1m*

FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

WANTED—A few 4 per cent. Bonds.—Apply at the

CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

MILLAN,

neer and

CHANT.

C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.

AUG. 30, 1864.

Bacon	— — @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Pork	2 00 ℔ — — ℔ lb
Lard	— — @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Beef	... ...2 00 ℔ lb
Beeswax	...3 00 @— — ℔ lb
Butter	5 00 @ — — ℔ lb
Cotton	1 50 @ 1 75 ℔ lb
Coffee	15 00 ℔ lb
Cotton Yarn	$18 @ 40 ℔ bunch.
Dried Fruit ... Apples & Peaches	75 @ 1 ℔ lb
Eggs	1 75@2 00 ℔ do @
Extract Logwood	$5 @ $6 ℔ lb
Flour	$145 @160 ℔ barrel
Flaxseed	12 50 @ 13 00 ℔ bushel
Fodder	$10 00 @ 10 50 ℔ hundred
Hay	10 00 ℔ hundred
Stucks	$10 00 ℔ hundred
Grain—Corn	$18 00@ 20 00 ℔ bushel
Wheat	$25 00 ℔ bushel
Rye	15 00 @ $— 00 ℔ bushel
Oats	7 00 @$9 00 ℔ bushel
Peas	17 50 @20 00 ℔ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00 ℔ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50 ℔ lb
Leather—Upper	18 00 ℔ lb
Sole	15 00 ℔ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	40 00 ℔ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	40 00 ℔ gallon
Molasses	$20 25 60 ℔ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Onions	15 00@ 20 00 ℔ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$8 @ 10 00 ℔ bushel
Sweet	$10 @15 00 ℔ bushel
Rice	$1 00 ℔ lb
Sugar	10 ℔ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00 ℔ lb
Tallow	— 00 ℔ lb
Toilet	5 00 ℔ gal.
Spirits Turpentine	1 50 @ 3 00 ℔ Yard
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	$35 00 @ 40 ℔ bushel
Salt	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb
Tallow	$6 00 @ 8 00 ℔ lb
Wool	

THE ILLUSTRATED MERCURY! ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!

THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PAINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
HAS A LARGER
HAS A LARGER
AND
MORE TALENTED
MORE TALENTED
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
BRILLIANT CHARMING,
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
AND THRILLING
AND THRILLING
WITH ROMANCES,
WITH ROMANCES,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHES,
TALES
TALES
OF
REAL
REAL
LIFE,
LIFE,
POETRY,
POETRY,
HISTORY,
HISTORY,
BIOGRAPHY,
BIOGRAPHY,
NOVELETTES,
NOVELETTES,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
WITICISMS MISCELLANY,
WITICISMS, MISCELLANY,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
A HOME JOURNAL FOR
THE HOUSEHOLD!
AN ORNAMENT
FOR THE PARLOR.
A SOLDIER'S
PAPER FOR
THE CAMP.
A
TRAVELLER'S
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Address,
WM. B. SMITH.
Editor and Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C.
June1-d6m

MISTRESS AND MAID.

JUST RECIEVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at
No. 17, Market Square

CLAIMS of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bount , arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are, first, the widow of the deceased, if any of them be such, be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, children then, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be such, be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the [illegible] or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed, must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

123-tf JNO. A. STANLY, Commissioner.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS throughout the Confederacy

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
RAILROAD BUREAU.
RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of these packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as travelling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of there armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.
V. K. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,
AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relative of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co
may20-tf.

POWDER!
FFFG. GUN POWDER.

For sale by JAMES MARTINE.
172-tf

WRITING PAPER.

JUST received and for sale, a superior article of

Note and Letter Paper,

unusually cheap, at the store under the
June 20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia

DOINGS IN THE CHICAGO CONVENTION!!

McCLELAN AND PENDLETON THE NOMINEES.

THE PLATFORM FOR PEACE, BUT ON THE BASIS OF RECONSTRUCTION!!

FROM HOOD'S ARMY.

SEVERE FIGHTING!

OUR TROOPS OVERPOWERED BY SUPERIOR NUMBERS WERE COMPELLED TO FALL BACK!

ATLANTA IN THE HANDS OF THE ENEMY!!

CHARLESTON, Sept. 2.—The enemy a second time attempted to blow up Fort Sumpter last night, but failed. It exploded adout 30 yars from the Fort.

BROWNSVILLE, Sept. 2.—A terrible collision has just taken place, 2½ miles above here, between a train of wounded soldiers, and the up train. The up train was ahead of regular schedule time. In the excitement nothing definite can be learned.—Probably killed not less than 15 or 20.—Many horribly wounded.

MOBILE, Sept. 2.—Three vessels are off Battery MacIntoh to day. The enemy still hug the shore at Cedar Point, keeping at a respectable distance. The enemy is quiet here.

MOBILE, Sep. 2.—Official information received from north Mississippi is to the effect that Smith's force is retreating to Memphis. A large part of the army having been mustered out of service.

Te flag of truce boat at Pascogula yesterday, in addition to Confederate Surgeons, brought a number of New Orleans exiles. The New Orleans Era claims that the Confederate camp at Vidia, west the of Mississippi river was taken with 32 men, killed and wounded, and sixty horses captured. The Yankees are digging Mobile bay for torpedoes, and are also bringing up the monitor Tecumesh with the prospect of raising her. They are braying over the raid on Clinton, La., and say it damaged the Confederates several hundred thousand dollars. They say the soldiers loaded themselves with all kinds of plunder. The Picayune's account says that our loss is 120 killed and 20 wounded. The expedition returned to Baton Rouge with 4 captured cannon.

The Federal enrollment begins forthwith at Vicksburg, and at Natchez.

Cotton quoted at 175 to 180.

RICHMOND, Sept 2.—The following platform was adopted by the Chicago convention, with three dissenting voices:

Resolved, That in the future as in the past, we will adhere with unswerring fidelity to the Union under the constitution as the only solid foundation of our strength, security and happiness as a people, and the framework of Government equality conducive to the welfare and prosperity of all the States, Northern and Southern.

Resolved, That this Convention explicitly declare it as the sense of the American people, that after fours years failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war, during which, under pretence of military necessity or war power, the Constitution has been disregarded in every particular, liberty and private rights alike trodden down, and the material prosperity, liberty and the public welfare demand that immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities with a view to an ultimate Convention of all the States, or of other peaceable movements by which peace may be restored on the basis of a Federal Union of the States

Resolved, That direct interference of the military authorities under the United States in the recent elections was a shameful violation of the Constitution, and a repitition of such acts in the approaching election will be held as revolutionary, and will be resisted with all the power under our control.

Resolved, That as the aim of the Democratic party is to preserve the Federal Union and the rights of the States unimpaired, the party will consider an Administration that allows a usurpation of extraordinary powers not granted by the Constitution, the subversion of civil by military law in States not in insurrection; the arbitrary military arrest, imprisonment, trial and sentence of citizens in States where civil law exists in full force the freedom of speech and the press denied, an open and avowed disregard of State rights, the employment of test oaths, and the interference with and the denial of the right of the people to bear arms, as calculated to prevent the restoration of the Union and perpetuation of a government deriving its just powers from the consent of the governed.

Resolved, That the shameful disregard of the Administration of its duty in respect to our fellow creatures who have long been prisoners of war in a suffering condition, deserves the severest reprehension and scorn alike of the public and of manon humanity.

Resolved, That the sympathy of the Democratic party is earnestly extended to the soldiers of our army who are or have been in the field under the flag of our country, and that they will receive all the care, protection, regard and kindness which the brave soldiers of the Republic have so nobly earned.

Long, of Ohio, offered an amendment to add the first of the Kentucky resolutions of '98. Cox, of Ohio, moved the previous question. The Platform was adopted. Stockton, of New Jersey, nominated McClellan. Long invoked the Convention not to add weakness to the platform by placing such a man in nomination. Harris, of Maryland, made a fierce onslaught upon McClellan, and knocked down a New York delegate who denounced him as a traitor. On the first ballot McClellan received 200; Seymour 23. McClellan was declared nominated.

Horatio Seymour made a speech, pledging his life that when McClellan was placed in the Presidential chair he would devote all his ability to the best interest of his country, securing never again to be invaded, all the rights and privileges of the people.

Vallandigham moved that the nomination be made unanimous. Carried amid deafening applause.

Pendleton was unanimously nominated for Vice President on the second ballot. The Convention then adjourned.

RICHMOND, Aug. 4.—The following dispatch has been received from General Hood:

On the evening of the 30th the enemy made a lodgement across Flat river, near Jonesboro', we attacked them there on the evening of the 31st, with 2 corps, and failed to dislodge them. This made it necessary to abandon Atlanta, which was done on the night of the 1st. Our loss on the evening of the 31st was small. On the evening of the 1st, Hardee's corps, in position at Jonesboro', was assaulted by superior forces of the enemy, and being outflanked was compelled to withdraw during the night with a loss of 8 guns.—The enemy's prisoners report their loss very severe

MACON, Sept. 3rd.—Private from the front, report that our losses on Wednesday will probably not exceed 600.

On Thursday the enemy made four assaults on our army in heavy columns, but were each time repulsed with great slaughter. They then concentrated in Mc Gowan's front, and breaking our lines, the retreat necessary was effected on Thursday night. Prisoners report only four Yankee corps engaged them in menacing Atlanta, and guarding their communication. No reliable information regarding yesterday's operations or the position of HOOD.

MACON, Sept. 3d.—During the last two days the city has been full of the wildest excitement in regard to operations on the line of the railroad.

Communication by press reporters with Atlanta is impracticable. The result of Thursday was that Hardee was overpowered by overwhelming numbers and fell back to Lovejoy's Station. Lee, by order of Hood, withdrew towards Atlanta, leaving the railroad in possession of the enemy.

It is now ascertained that the six corps of Sherman's troops were thrown upon the railroad, and only Hardee's and Lee's corps confronted them. The losses on both sides are large, but as the Yankees on Thursday attacked our entrenchments it is supposed they suffere much more heavily than we. No reliable details can be obtained.

Reports are current that Hood evacuated Atlanta on yesterday morning, but no positive information received.

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, EDITOR.

Office, No. 17 Market Square,

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, o whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SEP'T. 5. 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, *in every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday.*

NOTICE.—C. C. MCCRUMMIN, Esq., is our authorized agent to receive moneys and receipt for us in all business matters connected with this office, which relates to subscription and advertising.

TRIBUTE TO NORTH CAROLINA—LETTER FROM GEN. LEE.—The Conservative has been permitted to make the following extract from a letter of Gen. Lee to Gov. Vance, complimenting the North Carolina Troops for their glorious victory achieved at Ream's Station. This tribute from the great Hero of this revolution is the highest honor that could be paid to North Carolina. Let every soldier treasure it up as a memento of inestimable value:

HEADQ'RS ARMY OF NO. VA.)
Aug. 29th, 1864.)

His Excellency, Z. B. VANCE,
Governor of North Carolina, Raleigh:

* * * * * * * *

I have been frequently called upon to mention the services of North Carolina soldiers in this army, but their gallantry and conduct were never more deserving of admiration than in the engagement at Ream's Station on the 25th inst.

The brigades of Generals Cook, McRae and Lane, the last under the temporary command of Gen. Conner, advanced through a thick abattis of felled trees under a heavy fire of musketry and artillery and carried the enemy's work with a steady courage that excited the warm commendation of their corps and division commander and the admiration of the army.

On the same occasion the brigade of Gen. Barringer bore a conspicious part in the operations of the cavalry, which were no less distinguished for boldness and efficiency than those of the infantry.

If the men who remain in North Carolina share the spirit of those they have sent to the field, as I doubt not they do, her defence may be securely intrusted to their hands.

I am, with great respect,
your obedient servant,
R. E. LEE, General.

BEUTIFUL WORKMANSHIP.—We have been permitted to inspect a piece of workmanship, executed by a young lady of Robeson county, Miss Sarah McGeachy, which excells anything in its line that we have ever seen. The article alluded to is a set of artificial flowers, manufactured entirely from feathers, with the only exception that the points of the petals are touched with wax. The flowers are certainly a rare piece of workmanship, and Miss McGeachy deserves great credit for her skill and ingenuity. They can be seen at the store under the *Carolinian* office, and we advise our friends to come and see for themselves this beautiful specimen of home manufacture and home talent.

FROM THE FRONT.—A gentleman who has just returned from Gen. Hood's army, says that it is abundantly supplied with provisions of all kinds. The men are in fine spirits, and in good condition. Our cavalry horses have also improved, and that body of the service has been largely increased during the past summer. The army feel confident that when the day of battle arrives, they wil drive Sherman from that State, if they do not capture the greater portion of his troops.

We fear they are driving him in the wrong direction from later accounts.

THE PEACE QUESTION.

The Washington correspondent of the New York "Times," writing under date of the 29th thus defines the terms on which peace can be obtained.

You may rest assured that all the reports attributing to the government any movements looking towards negotiations for peace at present, are utterly without foundation. There has been nobody representing the goverument, or in any way expressing its opinions, concerned in any negotiations or conversations with the rebel emissaries on the subject of peace. The government has not entertained or discussed the project of proposing an armistice with the rebels; nor has it any intention of sending commissioners to Richmond for the purpose of offering or soliciting terms of peace, or of negotiating with the rebel authorities on that or any other subject. Its sole and undived purdose is to prosecute the war until the rebellion is quelled. But if any body doubts its willingness to make peace whenever the rebels will lay down their arms and return to the Union, let him produce any propositions from the rebel authorities to that effect, or any evidence that they are desirous of ending the war on those terms, and he will then be in a condition to test the purpose and disposition of the government on that point. He will find no difficulty or dolay in defining the President's position on that point.

The Washington correspondent of the "World," on the same subject, says:

Much amusement has been caused here by the reports in New York of the appointment of peace commissioners by the President. No such commissioners have been appointed, and the idea has been abandoned. No advances will be made at present by the Administration for the purpose of securing a suspension of hostilities, as it is believed that any such advances would be rejected by the rebel government, and regarded as an evidence of weakness and a want of confidence in the Union cause; at the same time there is reason to believe that any proposition or commissioners properly accredited, which might be sent to the Confederate authorities, looking to an armistice and a prospective settlement of existing difficulties, would receive a hearing and favorable consideration.

The "Herald," on its side, in an editorial article, thus points out the effect, of peace propositions on wall street:

The political question of an armistice promises to exercise considerable influence upon financial affairs. Already the capitalists, bankers and stockholders of the country are beginniug to discuss the prospects of peace and to some extent prepare for the possible contingency we have indicated. The course of the stock market during the last few days shows that the moneyed interests of the country are quick to respond to whatever look to a cessation of hostilities between the contending armies, with a view to peace negotiations. Men are beginning to think and speak as they never did before since this war began on the important subject now agitating the public mind.

The people are beginning to think about a return to specie paying and peace prices. Government gold bearing securities are in the ascendant; railway shares have declined fnom the same cause, and with the progress of events a sharp fall of gold is anticipated. When rumors of peace fill the air, and financial men are not insesible to them, it is well to remember that "coming events cast their shadows before."

SEMMS' NEW SHIP.—It is said, that the Eleetric Spark, which was captured recently by the Confederate cruiser Florida, will be put under command of Capt. Semmes until he can get a better vessel. She was a packet steamer between New York and New Orleans, and is said to be of the first quality, especially in speed.

The Mobile *Register and Advertiser* says that it is an agreeable proof of Gen. Hood's consciousness of strength that he has been able to spare a force to aid in the defence of Mobile.

Later intelligence would seem to show that he committed a blunder by so doing.

☞ The New York Post contains a detailed account, showing how Boston had been engaged in importing men from Europe to go as substitutes and volunteers into the army. Three ship loads have been brought over mostly from Germany.

A correspondent of a Philadelphia paper writing from New York states that the New Roman Catholic Archbishop of this diocese, and Bishop Potter, have signed a petition to the President praying for an armistice.

YANKEES IN THE LOWER VALLEY.—We have conversed with a gentleman of this county who was in Newtown, in the lower Valley, at the time the Yankees came up, as well as when they went back, during their last demonstration. Our informant saw General Sheridan, who traveled 'in state,' riding in a fine carriage drawn by four splendid gray horses.

The Yankees force, our informant thinks, numbered not less than 30,000 of all arms, a very large proportion of which was cavalry handsomely equipped and riding excellent horses.

Our informant does not know exactly the length of time troops occupied in coming up after 'Uncle Jubal;' but he says that they consumed eleven hours in passing a given point at a double quick in going back. The troops were greatly demoralized, especially on their retreat. They broke up a great many of their guns, and threw others in wells. They burned all the hay and grain within reach, in numerous cases setting fire to barns in order to destroy the hay and grain. They destroyed not less than 20 or 25 barns and stack-yards in sight of Newtown.

They had no negro troops with them, but there was a great number of negro hangers-on along with the army, stealing horses, &c.

The troops were the worst behaved set of men the people of that region ever saw. They were perfectly lawless.

It is said they hung one of our men, a North Carolina soldier, at Middletown, charging him with being a spy.

The women, it is said, requested our men to take no prisoners.

The people of portions of the lower Valley must suffer in consequence of the destruction of their grain, gardens, fruit, provisions, poultry, &c., by the public enemy.

We are thankful, indeed, that these lawless villains were not permitted to come further this way. A desolate track marked their progress wherever they went. We hope General Early will not stop until he drives them into or across the Potomac.—*Rockingham Register.*

The Yankees have landed in some force at Cedar Point, on the most southerly point of the west coast of the Bay, and half a mile from Fort Powell. This looks like a trial of our strength on our land front. With steady men behind our entrenchments, they will find it a hard road to travel.

It is certain that the enemy has no force adequate to the investment of the city.—They will try a sudden dash to scare us out of the city. The citizens, without the troops, can block the game; for one man inside the works is worth ten outside of them. All engineers pronounce these works the strongest in the Confederacy. The time has come to see what Mobile manhood is made of. We haave no doubt it will be found to be of the same stuff that has fought like veterans in Virginia, Charleston and Georgia. Let every man set his house in order, and be ready to "do or die" in a heroic defence of his altars and hearthstone. With this determination we can write for Mobile a memorable place in the history of this memorable struggle.
Mobile Register and Advertiser.

☞ "Mr. Smith" said the council, 'you say you once officiated in the pulpit—do you mean that you preached?'

'No, sir; I held a candle for a man who did.'

'Ah, the court understands you differently. They supposed that the discourse came from you.'

'No, sir, I only throwed a light upon it.'

Northern papers state that the sick and wounded in the Federal Army Hospiaals number 1.000, and in the Camp Hospitals 60,000—total 150,000 men.

Very appropriate was that reply of a woman to the taunt that "her sex caused the fall of man and ruin of the world":

"Yes to conquer a man
Took but woman, the poor elf,
But to conquer a woman
Took the devil himself."

HURRICANE AND HAILSTORM.—We learn that on Wednesday evening, the 31st ult., a severe hurricane and hailstorm swept over the lower part of Sampson County, extending into Duplin, tearing up trees and doing considerable damage.
Wilmington Journal.

The Montgomery advertiser hears that Warren Adams, the trans-Mjssissippi courier, was captured while attempting to cross the Mississippi river last week.

The term of service of twenty six regiments in Sherman's army expires during the month of August.

There is a discredited rumor that Grant is retiring from the Weldon rail road.

The Department clerks and niggers in Washington have all been mustered into one battalion.

RICHMOND, Sept 3.—Official dispatches say the enemy has withdrawn from the Memphis and Charleston Railroad to Memphis. The troops are supposed to be designed for Missouri and Virginia.

Make Your Mark.

In the quarries should you toil,
Make your mark.
Do you delve upon the soil,
Make your mark.
In whatever path you go,
In whatever place you stand,
Moving swift or moving slow,
With a firm and honest hand,
Make your mark.

Should opponents hedge your way,
Make your mark.
Work by night or work by day,
Make your mark.
Struggle manfully and well,
Let no obstacles oppose;
None, right-shielded, ever fell
By the weapens of his foes—
Make your mark.

What though born a peasant's son,
Make your mark.
Good by poor men can be done.
Make your mark.
Peasants' garbs may warm the cold,
Peasants' words may calm a fear,
Better far than hoarding gold,
Is the drying of a tear—
Make your mark.

Life is fleeting as a shade,
Make your mark.
Marks of some kind must be made,
Make your mark.
Make it while the arm is strong,
In the golden hours of youth,
Never, never make it wrong,
Make it with the stamp of truth,
Make your mark.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Furniture at Auction.

THIS DAY at 4 P. M., will be sold at Auction—
One fine Cottage Set, Bureau, Chairs;
Table and Bedstead;
2 Beds and 7 Pillows;
Bed Quilts, Sheets, &c.;
1 Mahogany Centre Table;
ONE SOFA;
1 Piano Stool;
3 Pictures and Frames;
1 Sewing Machine;
1 Fine Guitar.
sep5-1t J. H. COOK, Au'ct'r.

NEW MUSIC
Received at 17, Market Square.

Annie of the Vale,
"Her bright smile Haunts Me Still,"
*When this cruel War is over,
"No one to love,"
Something to Love,
Expected in a few days the following new pieces:
"The Alabama."
The Murmur of the Shells,
"Bessie Bell Waltz,
"Springtime Polka,"
Palmetto Shottische.
sep5-2t

OFFICE POST QUARTERMASTER,
4th Congressional District, N. C.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 3d.

HAVING learned that several assessors are exempting 10 lbs Wool for each member of a family, I would state that when a person makes only 10 lbs of Wool he pays none; if he makes 11 lbs he pays on the whole. Assessors will therefore change their estimate.
J. M. McGOWAN,
sep5-3t Cap't. A. Q. M.

HEADQUARTERS 3RD MILITARY DISTRICT,
DEP'T N. C. AND SOUTHERN VIRGINIA,
Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 30th.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL PESONS not residents of Smithville are requested to refrain from applying at Headquarters for permission to visit the Forts or to go down the river in the Government Steamers. This is addressed to persons living at a distance, especially ladies, in the hope of preventing a fruitless journey from their homes. Upon no consideration, for the present at least, will permission be given to pass upon the Government boats. When circumstances will admit of a relaxation of this rule, due notice will be given.

Packages for soldiers at the different posts will be delivered to Capt. Grainger, A. Q. M. They should be suitably marked and he will be responsible for their safe delivery through his agents.

Official: W. H. C. WHITING,
Major General.
JAMES H. HILL,
Maj. and A. A. Gen'l.
sep3-6t

Papers through the State please copy six (6) times and send accounts with copy of paper containing advertisment to Capt. Stryon, A. Q. M.

Crockery Ware For Sale.

THE following articles of Crockery have been left at my store for sale:
1 Set Fine China Plate;
1 " Stoneware do;
1 " Dinner Dish;
1 " Spitoon.
M. McKINNON.
181-2t

New Books! New Books!

WE HAVE received a few more volumes of that excellent Novel by Judge Longstreet, entitled

"MASTER WILLIAM MITTEN."

This Book should be in the hands of every young boy. Let everybody call and get a volume at (sep2tf) 17, Market Square.

A FEW more volumes of "Rebert and Harold" or "The Young Marooners," together with "Duncan Adair," by Mrs. Jane T. Cross. Just received at
17, Market Square,
tf

Envelopes! Envelopes!

A SUPERIOR article of ENVELOPES, Commercial size, just received and for sale, at the store under the
June 20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

BY THE GOV. OF NORTH CAROLINA!

A PROCLAMATION!

WHEREAS, IT IS REPORTED TO ME that many soldiers from the troops of this State have deserted their colors and comrades, and are now lurking in the woods and mountains, some of them subsisting by forcing their friends to violate the laws by aiding them and others by violent depredations upon peaceable citizens, entailing shame and obloquy upon themselves and their posterity, outraging the laws and the peace of society, and damaging the cause of their hard pressed country.

And, whereas, Gen. Robert E. Lee, in General Order No. 54, Aug. 10th, 1864, has promised to deal leniently with all who promptly return to duty, though they may have insurred the penalties of desertion by prolonged absence without authority. Now, therefore, I, Zebulon B. Vance, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this my proclamation, urging most earnestly upon all such misguided men to wipe out from their once respected names the foul stain of desertion by promptly returning to the post of duty in accordance with said General Order No. 54, promising to all such who voluntarily return or surrender themselves to the proper authorities a full and free pardon, or the infliction of only the mildest penalties of the military law, except those who have been guilty of capital felonies against the lives and property of the citizens, and this promise shall hold good for thirty days from the date hereof. And I hereby warn all such who refuse to comply with these terms that the utmost power of this State will be exerted to capture them or drive them from the borders of a county whose high honor and spotless renown they disgrace by refusing to defend, and that the extremest penalties of the law will be enforced without exception when caught, as well against their aiders and abetters in the civil courts. Simultaneously with this proclamation orders will issue to the entire militia of the State to turn out for their arrest, and I hope by timely submission they will spare me the pain of hunting down like guilty felons many brave and misguided men who have served their country well and could do so again. Deserters from other States who hide in our woods and assist in giving our State a bad name, I can do nothing for, but to the erring soldiers of North Carolina I confidently appeal. And I earnestly call on all good citizens to assist me in making this appeal effectual, both by their influence as men, to take pains to seek out all deserters of their acquaintance, put this proclamation in their hands, or in the hands of their relatives and friends, and urge upon them to return to the path of duty, which is also the path of safety and of honor. If every good and loyal cititizen would set about to reclaim or capture one deserter by every means in his power, he would succeed and he will have rendered a most valuable and patriotic service to his State and country. Civil magistrates are also exhorted to be diligent in proceeding against all such as violate the statute against harboring, aiding or abetting deserters, and warning is hereby given that in all cases where either civil magistrates or militia or home guard officers refuse or neglect to faithfully perform their duty in this respect, upon proper evidence submitted to me, the Executive protection extended to them under acts of Congress shall be withdrawn, as I cannot certify that officers, civil or military, who refuse to perform their duties are "necessary to the due administration of the laws," which they will not execute.

Given under my hand, and the great seal of the State, at Raleigh, this 24th day of August, 1864

Z. B. VANCE.

By the Governor:
A. M. MCPHETERS, Private Sec'y, pro tem.
aug26-d1w12w

NEW MUSIC.

THE SOUTH.

Words by the lamented Captain S. LEROY HAMMOND, of the Eutaw Regiment, Music by Pof. Hewett.

KEEP ME AWAKE MOTHER.

A reply to the ever popular "Rock me to Sleep, Mother." Words by Mrs. Stratton, Music by Joseph Hart Denck.
Dear Mother, I've Come Home to Die.
Why No One to Love?
Star Spangled Cross and Pure Field of White.
Up with the Flag.
The Southern Cross.
Southern Soldier Boy.
All Quiet Along the Potmac To-Night.
Rock me to Sleep Mother.
My Wife and Child.
Kathleen Mavourneen.
Virgibia Marseillaise, (French and English words)
Farewell Enchanting Hope.
No Surrender.
Harp of the South, Awake!
Good-bye, Sweetheart, Good bye.
Mother, Oh! Sing me to Rest.
The March of the Southern Men.
Love Me.
Musical Souvenir, containing three Songs.

In addition to the above, the following new pieces have just been received:

Pray Maiden Pray; Aura Lea;
I Remember the Hour; Standard Bearer;
Mary of Argyle; Morning Prayer.

☞ Particular attention is called to our collection of Music. Call at
No. 17, Market Square.
143-tf

WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER

IS PUBLISHED AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. ON TUESDAY of each week. It is made up from the news contained in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN, and will always contain the

VERY LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Having the advantage of the news of the PRESS ASSOCIATION, of which the Daily North Carolinian is a member.

THE MARKETS

Will be fully and carefully reported each day, and a true statement of their condition honestly given. We have

SECURED CORRESPONDENTS

In the Armies of Gens. LEE and PICKET, and will always give a faithful and full record of army matters.

POST MASTERS and others are requested to act as AGENTS, and each Agent sending six new subscribers with the money for six months, will receive the Weekly [illegible] months gratis.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will not be taken for a period less than six months; and in no case will the paper be sent until the money is [illegible]

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square of 16 lines for the first insertion and 50 cents for each succeeding publication.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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